A Short UNIVERSITY OF TELINOIS

NARRATIVE

Of the Discovery of a

College of Jesuits,

At a Place called the

COME, In the County of HEREFORD:

Which was fent up unto the Right Honorable,

The LORDS Assembled in PARLIAMENT, at the End of the last Sessions, by the Right Reverend Father in God HERBERT, Lord Bishop of Hereford, according to an Order sent unto him by the said Lords, to make diligent Search, and return an Account thereof.

To which is added

A true Relation of the Knavery of

Father LEWIS,

The Pretended Bishop of Landaffe; Now a Prisoner in Monmonth Gaol.

London, Printed by T. N. for Charles Harper, at the Flower-de-luce against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleetstreet. 1679.

5; 100 1 7 Las bells ...



A short Narrative of the Discovery of a College of Fesuits, at a place called The Come, in the County of Hereford. Together with an Account of the Knavery of Father Lewis, the pretended Bishop of Landasse, &c.



N the Parish of Llanroshall in the County of Hereford, there are two Houses, called, The Upper and Lower Comes, or Middle and Lower

Comes, with a walled Court before each of A 3 them,

them, having Lands belonging to them see the Ex- worth about Threescore pounds per Annum, of Mr. Booth (they pay Taxes at Eight and fifty rounds

by , Lord of the Mannor, per Annum.)

This Estate did formerly belong to Edward Lord Marquis of Worcester, who by his Lease dated Novemb. 10. in the Twelfth year of King Charles the I. did Lett it for Fourscore and nineteen years to one William Morton, who dying, left it to one Robert Hutton living in St. Giles's in the Fields, London, stiled Merchant; which Hutton hath by his Lease dated the second day of February 1677. and sealed and delivered in the presence of William Ireland, John Fenwick, 7. Groves, set the Lower Come to one William Williams, for One and twenty years, at Forty pounds per Annum: And he hath likewise m de a Letter of Attorney to one Peter Pullen a Servant, intrusting him with the management of the Profits of both the Comes, which is dated the 27th day of April 1678. and the Witneffes to it are W. Ireland, Jo. Fenwick, and William Cornelius.

One

One of these Houses is a fair gentile House, wherein there are six lodging Chambers; each one a convenient Study to it, with a Standish lest in them, besides several other lodging Rooms.

The other House is also a good Countrey House, with several Chambers, and Studies to some of them, all in very good repair: But the Furniture now removed, we cannot

yet find whither.

The remaining Dwellers in the House, who were but Under-Servants, will not confess: They are apparently Perjured; For they flatly denied, upon Oath, several things, which were made out by others, and then they confessed them.

There are One and twenty Chimnies in both Houses, and a great many Doors to go in and out at; and likewise many private

Passages from one Room to the other.

These Houses are seated at the bottom of a thick woody and rocky Hill, with several hollow places in the Rocks, wherein Men may conceal themselves; and there is a very private private Passage from one of the Houses, into

In one of these Houses there was a Study found, the Door thereof very hardly to be discovered, being placed behind a Bed, and plaistred over like the Wall adjoining, in which was found great store of Divinity Books, and others, in Folio and Quarto, and many other lesser Books, several Horse-loads, (but they are not yet brought to me, it being Christmas Holy-days, but they remain in a safe hand) many whereof are written by the principal learned Jesuits.

And there were found two Paper Books in Folio, in the Front of one written,

Ordinationes varia pro Collegio Sancti Xaverii.

(Xaverius was the Co-founder with Ignatius of the Jesuits Order, and his Picture was there fet up.)

Ordinationes, doth not here signific Ordination, as we commonly understand it; but Orders and Rules sent from the Generals of the

Jesuits

Jesuits Caraffa and Panlus Oliva, to the Jesuits here inhabiting; as also Instructions from the Provincials of the Jesuits living in London, unto those here.

The other Paper Book contains the great Benefactors, being Queens, Princes, Nobles, and several others of this and divers other Nations, who have contributed towards the Foundation of Jesuit Colleges, or the Maintenance of them; and likewise the number of Masses appointed to be said for their Souls.

Folio, declaring, That there is in London a College dedicated to St Ignatius, with Revenues belonging to it, for the Jesuit Novices in the time of Probation.

One in Wales (which I suppose are these two Houses) dedicated to St Xaverius.

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coloni

A third is (the Book saith) in Stafford-shire, or Lancashire, dedicated to St Aloysius, another prime Jesuit: which Colleges, when England shall be reduced to the Obedience of the Pope, shall never be altered, as this Book directs. This printed Book, and the other two Paper Books in Folio, I have.

There are about Fifteen or Sixteen several printed Books, containing the Decrees of the several Congregations of that Society at Rome, that contain onely the Rules of the Society of Jesus.

There are several Books lately written and printed against the *Protestant Religion*, and many small Popish Catechisas printed and tyed up in a bundle; and some Welsh Popish Books lately printed, and some Popish Manuscripts fairly and lately written.

Likewise there is a Picture of Ignatius Loiola, the Founder of the Society, and the most remarkable Actions and pretended Miracles racles of his Life, not only written in printed Books, but in Pictures in several sheets, which Pictures refer to Ribadeneira's Book of Loiola's Life.

There is a loose Paper dated the First day of March 1652. (it seems this was then founded a College) in which directions were given, that an Account of the Revenue and Disbursments should be sent yearly to the College in Rome: It is there also mentioned, that the same year there were baptized 34; reconciled to the Church of Rome 155 (a great number;) of those that were fallen from the Church and regained 15, and other matters.

One Letter seems written by the Provincial to them of this House, wherein Complaint is made, That there was not Care enough taken to send Young Men to Rome, to be there bred up in the English College; and for which, he saith, the Pope was much displeased, and threatned to take away their College there, and fill it up with Scholars of some other Nation and Order.

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See Peter Pullen's Exami-1 at on.

In one of these Houses lived a mean Servant, called Peter Pullen, (a Papist) yet entrusted with the management of these Houfes and Estates for Eight years past, as he confesseth; and was entrusted to receive a Rent of 301. per Annum, from an Estate called Amberley in the Parish of Monmonth, and another Rent of 18 l. per Annum, from an Estate called Langunuill in the Parish of Dixton in the County of Monmouth, and to manage them also: part whereof defrayed the Expences of the College, as appears in part by an Account Book, where there are many I caves cut o t, (I suppose they had timely Notice given them, before the Order was fent me by the Honse of Lords, and did thereupon do this, and remove what they could before band) and part paid in money to such fesuit Priests as were a pointed to receive it: but for these Eight years that he hath been Servant there, he never hath made any Account unto, nor held any Correspondence with the faid Hutton who carrieth the name of this Estate. spaced Sider of one of

This

This Pullen names seven several Jestit Priests, viz. Prichard, Archer, Harris, Lewis, Price, Humfreys, and Draicot, who were used to resort thither, and say Mass there: but the Altar, with all the Ornaments thereof, was taken down, and conveyed away, only the Altar Stone remaining with five Crosses cut in it one at each corner, and one in the middle.

Two Vestments, with some other small matters, were found in two Boxes hid in the Wood above-specifid (it seems the other things were but newly removed; and they had begun also to remove the Library, for they had carried out and hid in a Pigs-Cot adjoining, about, two Horse-loads of Books.)

There were found many Bottles of Oyl, a Box of White Wafers stamped, several Popish Pictures and Crucifixes, some Reliques, a little Saints Bell, and an Incense Pot.

It doth appear by several Examinations, that on Sundayes and Holydayes many Papists did resort to these Comes, and the greater part of Mr. Milburn's Family near unto them, but I do not find that ever be himself frequented it.

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A Relation of the Knavery of Father LEWIS, the pretended Bishop of LANDAFFE.

Amongst other things which fell out in the Examination of the Jesuits College at Come in Herefoldshire, there is fully proved by several Witnesses, this true Story following; which being matter of Fact, cannot be denied.

Here is, amongst the Foxes of this Kennel, one Lewis, one of the established number of Jesuits of the College; who is reported to be the Titular Bishop of Landaffe, and who is now Prisoner in Mormouth.

There was a poon Woman, to whom this Lemis was a Confessor, her Eather was a vicious

vicious Liver, and dyed about half a year

ago

This poor Woman having been taught the Doctrine of Purgatory, and being (it feems) of a very tender nature, and reflecting upon the condition of her Fathers Soul, which the apprehended, by their doctrine, was in great torment in Purgatory: Se thereupon fell into a great grief and forrow; and, with tears in her eyes, address dher felf to this Father, heris, and told him, She was informed, that he could use means to fetch her Fathers Soul immediately out of Purgatory into Heaven; and that she would give him all she had in the world to have it done with speed, though she did not leave her self one panny to live on

To this, Father Lewis, after a long pause, told her, thus: Daughter, I am glad to see so which grade in you, as to believe the Holy De-Etrike of Purgatory, so firmly as to be so truly sensible of the Torture of your Fathers Soul therein: True it is, Dean (with the assistance of our most Holy Father the Pope) bring your Fathers

Fathers Soul out of Purgatory into Heaven; but it will cost a great deal of money: For I must send over to Rome, to have power herein, and several Masses must be celebrated both in Rome, and all other Colledges of Jesuits, and other Offices performed to do the work; which, Father Lewis said, would cost a great deal of money.

The poor Woman answer'd, She did not care what it cost her; so dear, so precious was her Fathers Soul to her, that she would give all she had to have it done.

And then she ask'd him, How much it would cost to have it done?

Who, after a pause, and reckoning upon his fingers-ends, told her, It would cost One Hundred pound to have it well done.

With that the Woman cry'd bitterly, and faid, She was not worth half so much money in the world.

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Then

Then Father Lewis told her, He would do it for Fourscore pounds.

The Woman reply'd, She was not worth balf Fourfcore.

Then Father Lewis ask'd her, What she was worth in the whole world?

To which the answer'd very honestly and truly, That she was worth but Thirty five pound.

Then Father Lewis told her, Because she was poor, that he would take but Thirty pound:
And thereupon they agreed.

But when Father Lewis understood after from the Woman, that she had no ready money, he began to storm, and to be in a great passion; yet at last he was contented to take her own Bond for the Thirty pound, but took the Bond in a Friends name, and caus'd the Woman to give a Warrant to an Attor-

Attorney to confess Judgment upon the Bond, which was done accordingly; and the money was to be paid within six Weeks, within which time Father Lewis undertook peremptorily to have the Man's Soul out of Purgatory into Heaven, and so they parted, and the Woman hereby much comforted.

Afterwards, as foon as ever the fix Weeks were over, and the money became due, Father Lewis fent to the poor Woman, to come to him again, and as foon as ever she came, he produced unto her a Book with gilded Leaves, and red I etters; and after he had tumbled the Leaves of the Book backward and forward, he clapt the Book to his ear, and then said thus, looking into the Book,

Here it is, I am sure now your business is done; this I tell you to your comfort that your Father's Soul is as surely in Heaven at this very time, as I am here in this Chair.

C 2 And

And then after a little time that the Woman had express d her joy at these good tydings, Father Lewis ask d her, Whether she had brought him his money, the Thirty pound she was engaged for?

She answer'd, She had not brought him all, because her money was out in other mens hands, and could not get it in so soon; but she had brought him Ten pound, and humbly intreated him to receive that at present, and he should have the residue as soon as possibly she could get it in.

But at this Father Lewis was startled, that she had not brought the whole Sum, and fell into a violent sury with the poor Woman, reviled her, gave her many harsh and bitter Words, threaten'd the poor Woman to send Bayliss to take her in Execution upon her Judgment, and cast her Body into Prison; and not only so, but threaten'd to Excommunicate her also, for the breach of her faith, in not paying the Thirty pound, according to her Engagement:

But

But, upon fecond thoughts, Father Lewis took the Ten pound, and he came to this farther agreement with her, which was, that the should pay Five pound more forthwith, and the other Fisteen pound within a quarter of a year after; and if she failed, then to render her Body to Prison, and suffer Excommunication.

After this, the poor Woman made hard shift to pay Father Lewis the Five pound, but before the other Fisteen was due, a man of the Protestant Religion, sollicited the poor Woman for Marriage. The poor Woman ingenuously and conscientiously confess dunto him, That she was worth nothing, but was in debt to her Ghostly Father Lewis Fisteen pound: And acquainted him how, and for what she came to be so indebted. This man, notwithstanding, marries her, and afterwards, by degrees, drew her from the Roman Church, to the Church of England; and then brought her before a Justice of Peace, to whom she discover dall this upon Oath.

And

And this Woman knowing where her holy Confessor Lewis us'd to hide himself, under Ground, under a clay Floor, cumingly contrived in a poor despicable Cottage; and being now exasperated at the Holy Cheat, and desirous, as is most just, to catch his person, as he would have catched hers; and endeavouring to have satisfaction from him for the money he (with so much uncharitableness) cheated her of, did conduct a Justice of Peace to the place, where they found and unkennel d the Fox, and from thence the Justice of Peace sent Father Lewis to Monmonth Gaol, where he now continues.

FINIS.

